Afrobarometer SDG Scorecard

The people's take on country performance

Survey findings provide citizens' perspectives that can be compared to official UN indicators tracking progress on 12 of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals.



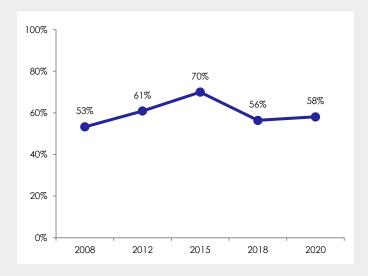
Liberia

SDG	Indicator	5-year trend			
		Doing worse	No change	Doing better	Meeting this target
SDG 1: No poverty	Reduce Lived Poverty Index (LPI) score	0-	-0-		———————————————————————————————————————
SDG 2: Zero hunger	Reduce frequency of ever going without food	0-		-0-	-0
	Reduce frequency of going without food many times/always	0-	•	-0-	—0
SDG 3: Good health and well-being	Reduce frequency of going without medical care	•	-0-		-0
SDG 4: Quality education	Increase proportion with secondary/ post-secondary education	0-	-	$\overline{}$	-0
SDG 5: Gender equality	Gender equality in technology use	0-	•	$\overline{}$	-0
	Gender equality in financial control	•	-0-	-0-	-0
SDG 6: Clean water and sanitation	Reduce frequency of going without clean water	-	-0-	$\overline{}$	———————————————————————————————————————
	Increase % with water supply and toilet within house or compound	0-			—0
SDG 7: Affordable and clean energy	Increase reliable connections to the grid	•	-0-		-0
SDG 8: Decent work and economic growth	Reduce unemployment	•	-0-	-0-	
	Reduce gender gap in unemployment	•	-0-	-0-	-0
SDG 9: Industry, innovation and infrastructure	Increase infrastructure reach at community level (cell phone grid, electricity grid, paved/tarred road, health clinic, school)	•	-0-		—0
SDG 10: Reduced inequalities	Decrease % experiencing high levels of poverty	0-	-0-		-0
	Decrease % treated unfairly due to ethnicity	0-		$\overline{}$	
SDG 13: Climate action	Increase % who have heard of climate change	0-	-0-		-0
	Increase understanding of negative impacts of climate change	•	-0-	-0-	———————————————————————————————————————
SDG 16: Peace, justice and strong institutions	Increase trust in police, judiciary, and Parliament	•		-0-	-0
	Reduce perceived corruption in police, judiciary, and Parliament	0-	•	$\overline{}$	-0
	Reduce bribe-paying for public services		-0-	-0-	-0

Afrobarometer is a pan-African, nonpartisan survey research network that has provided reliable data since 1999 on African experiences and evaluations of democracy, governance, and quality of life. National partners conduct face-to-face interviews in the language of the respondent's choice with nationally representative samples. In the most recent survey in Liberia, the Center for Democratic Governance interviewed 1,200 adult citizens in October-December 2020. The sample yields country-level results with a margin of error of +/-3 percentage points at a 95% confidence level.

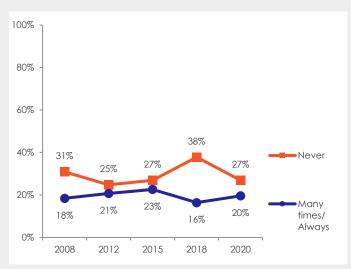
SDG 1: No poverty

Moderate or high "lived poverty"



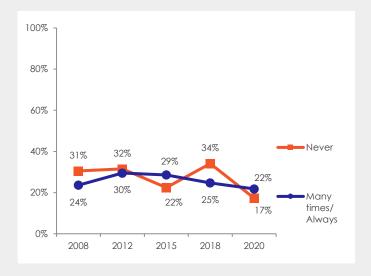
SDG 2: Zero hunger

Went without enough food



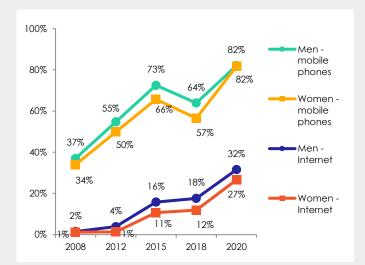
SDG 3: Good health and well-being

Went without medical care



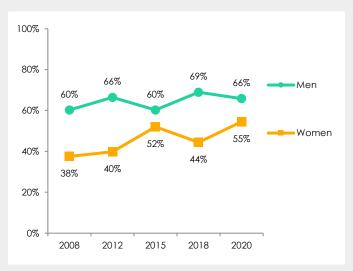
SDG 5: Gender equality

Digital connection, by gender

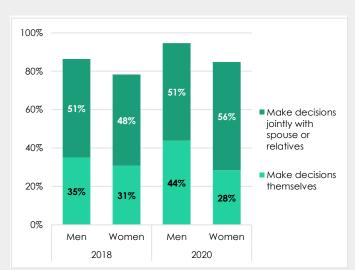


SDG 4: Quality education

Secondary/higher education, by gender

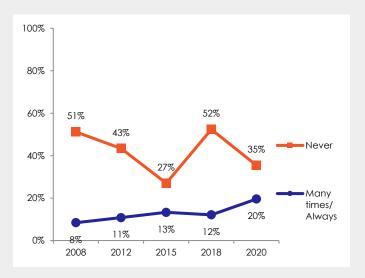


Financial decision-making, by gender



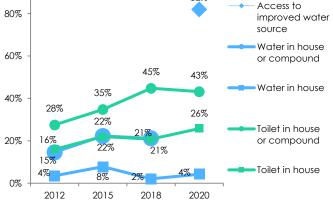
SDG 6: Clean water and sanitation

Went without enough clean water



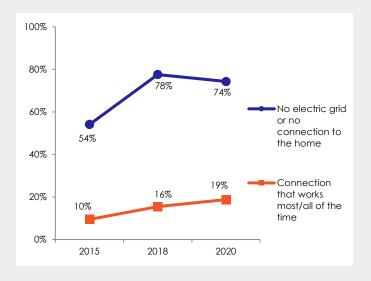
100% 82%

Location of water and toilet



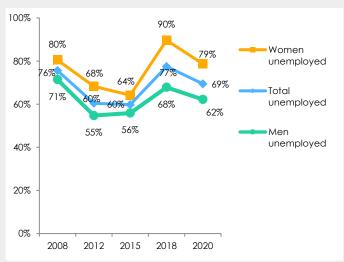
SDG 7: Affordable and clean energy

Household connection to the grid



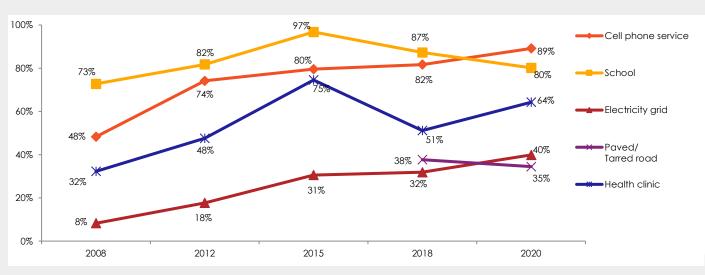
SDG 8: Decent work and economic growth

Unemployment, by gender



SDG 9: Industry, innovation and infrastructure

Infrastructure in enumeration area



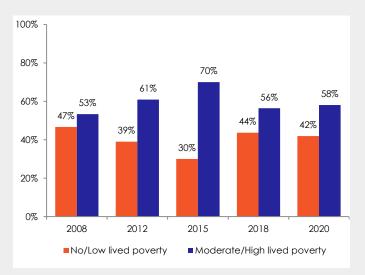
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Often/

Always

SDG 10: Reduced inequalities

Economic inequality



100% 80% 60% 40%

7%

2015

5%

2018

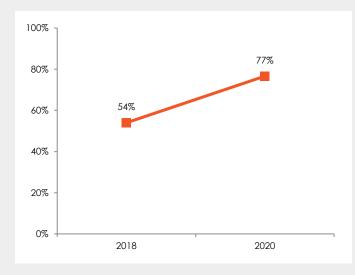
5%

2020

Ethnic group treated unfairly by government

SDG 13: Climate action

Heard of climate change



Impact of climate change on life

6%

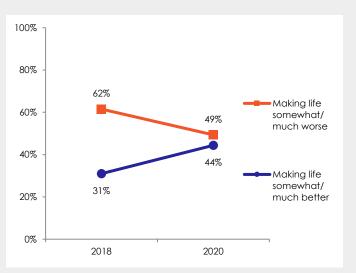
2012

20%

0%

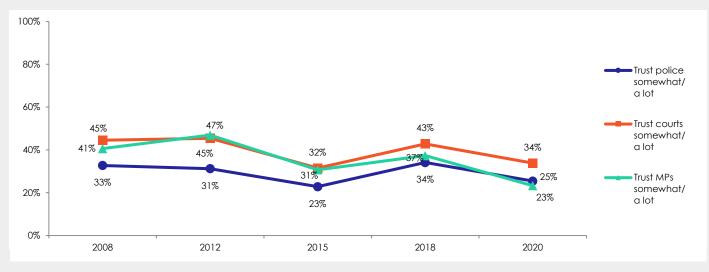
10%

2008



SDG 16: Peace, justice and strong institutions

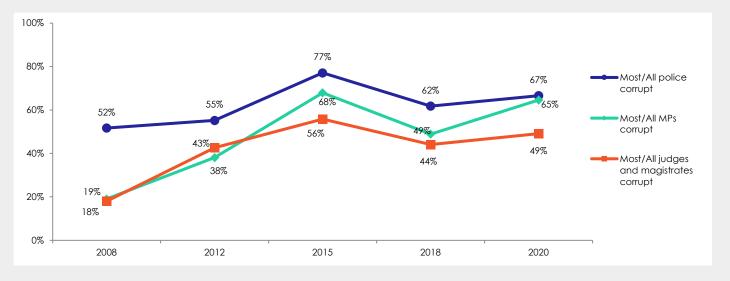
Trust in key state institutions



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SDG 16: Peace, justice and strong institutions

Perceived corruption in key state institutions



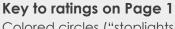
Paid bribe for public services (schools, health clinic, identity documents, police) within the past year

45%

2018

60%

2020



Colored circles ("stoplights") generally illustrate changes between the Afrobarometer Round 6 survey in 2015 and Round 8 survey in 2020 in Liberia. For climate action (SDG 13) and bribes for public services (SDG 16), comparisons are between Round 7 (2018) and Round 8 (2020).

mixed when there is more than one indicator.



Survey questions

100%

80%

60%

40%

20%

0%

Over the past year, how often, if ever, have you or anyone in your family gone without:	For parts or all of SDGs 1, 2, 3, 6, and 10
 Enough food to eat? Enough clean water for home use? 	
Medicines or medical treatment?	
Enough fuel to cook your food?A cash income?	
What is your highest level of education?	For SDG 4
How often do you use: A mobile phone? The Internet?	For SDG 5
What is the main way that decisions are made about how to use any money that you have or earn, for example from a job, a business, selling things, or other activities?	For SDG 5

SDG Scorecard: Liberia

For SDG 6	
For SDG 6	
For SDG 7	
For SDG 8	
For SDG 9 Recorded by enumerators	
For SDG 9 Recorded by enumerators	
Ford SDG 9 Recorded by enumerators	
For SDG 10	
For SDG 13	
For SDG 16	
For SDG 16	
For SDG 16	

Do your own analysis of Afrobarometer data – on any question, for any country and survey round. It's easy and free at www.afrobarometer.org/ online-data-analysis.



Afrobarometer is a pan-African, non-partisan survey research network. Regional coordination of national partners in about 35 countries is provided by the Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD-Ghana), the Institute for Justice and Reconciliation (IJR) in South Africa, and the Institute for Development Studies (IDS) at the University of Nairobi in Kenya. Michigan State University (MSU) and the University of Cape Town (UCT) provide technical support to the network.

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